

Hydrogen in the Netherlands' energy transition

Prof. Ad van Wijk and Prof. Margot Weijnen, Delft University of Technology
First Hydrogen Conference, Centro Argentino de Ingenieros, 25 November 2021

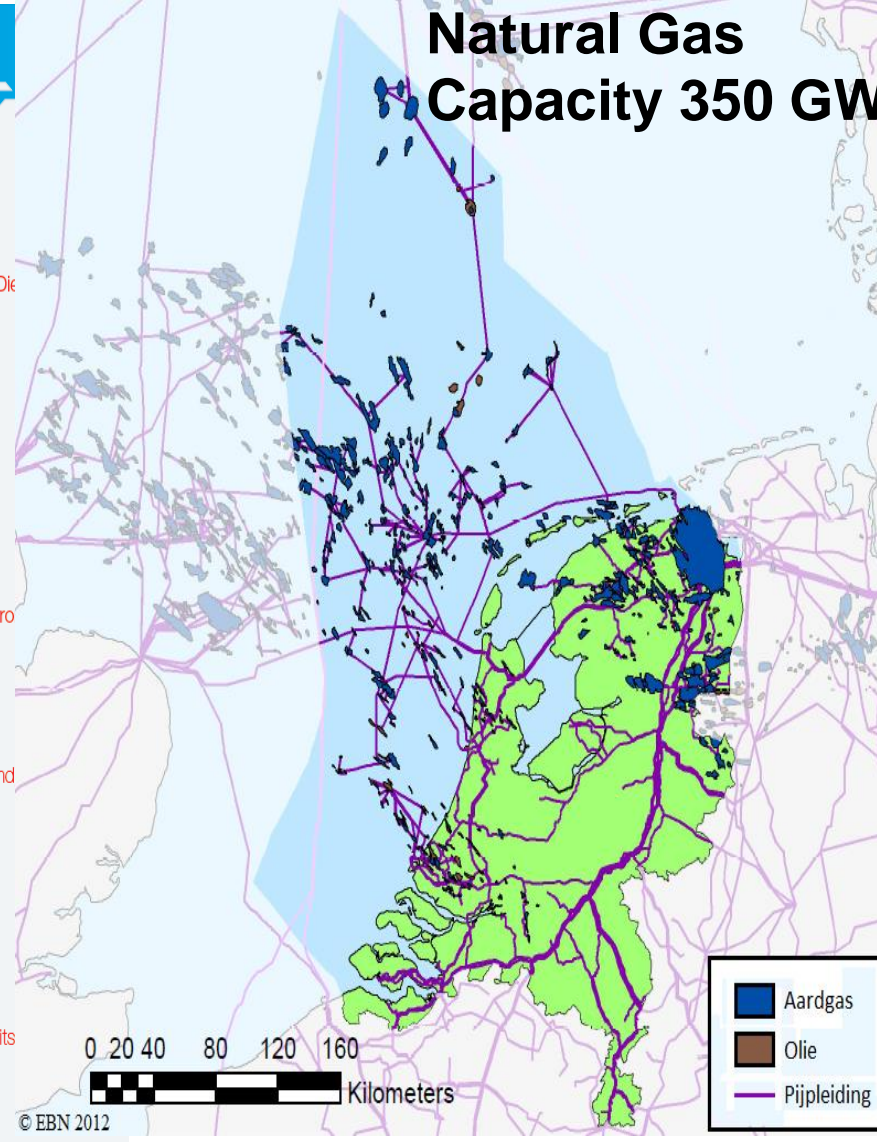


Electricity, Gas and Hydrogen Transport Grid

Electricity Capacity 20 GW HV



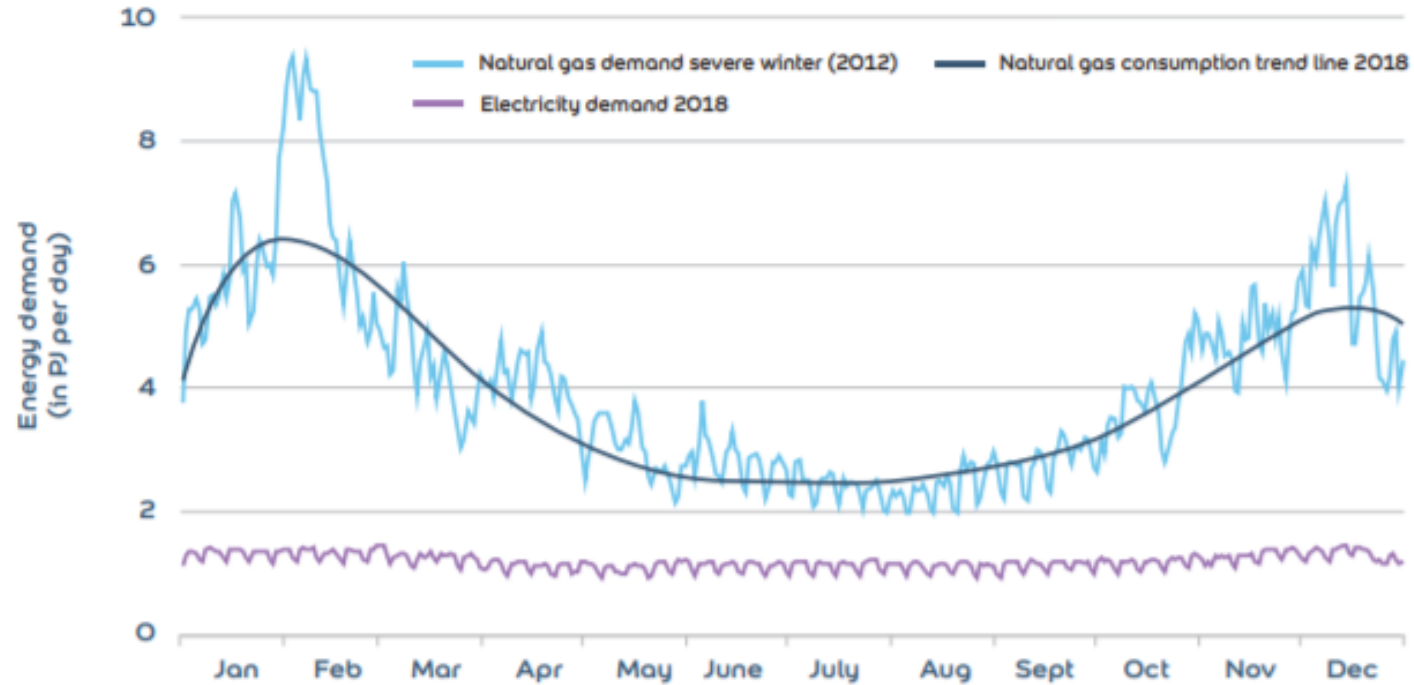
Natural Gas Capacity 350 GW



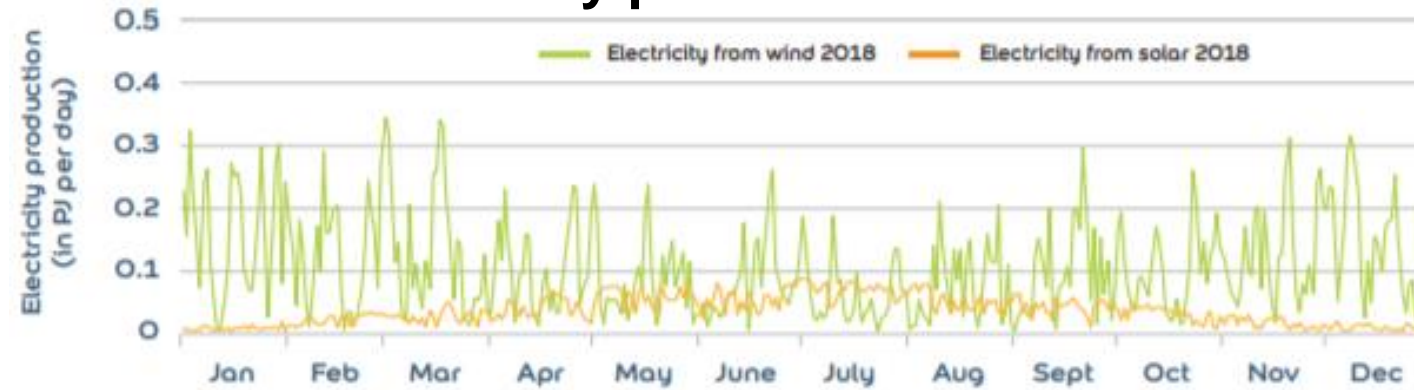
Hydrogen Capacity 5-15 GW Ready 2026



Gas and Electricity consumption in the Netherlands 2018



Solar and Wind electricity production in the Netherlands 2018

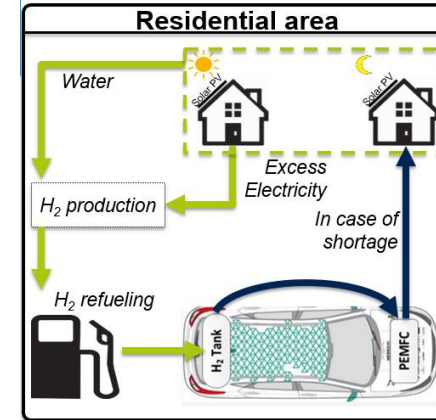


Hydrogen Markets

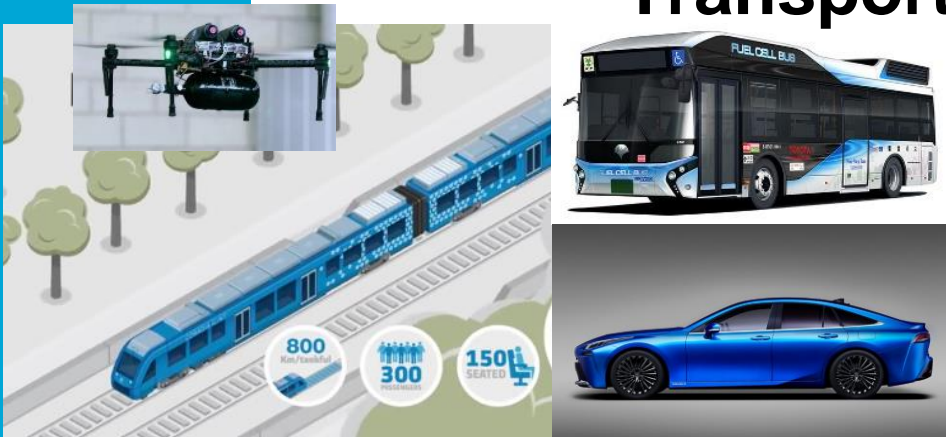
Industry Feedstock/HT Heat



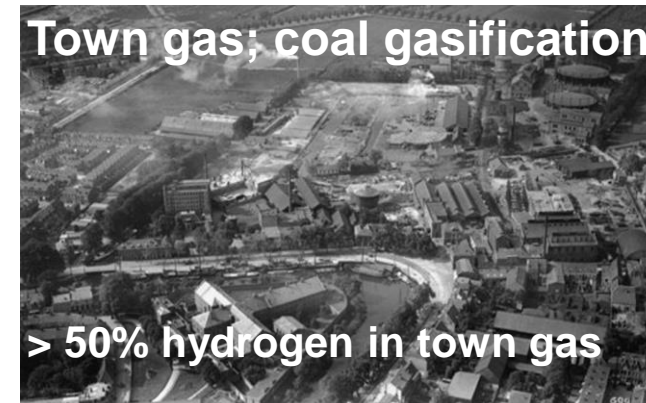
Electricity Balancing



Transport



Heating



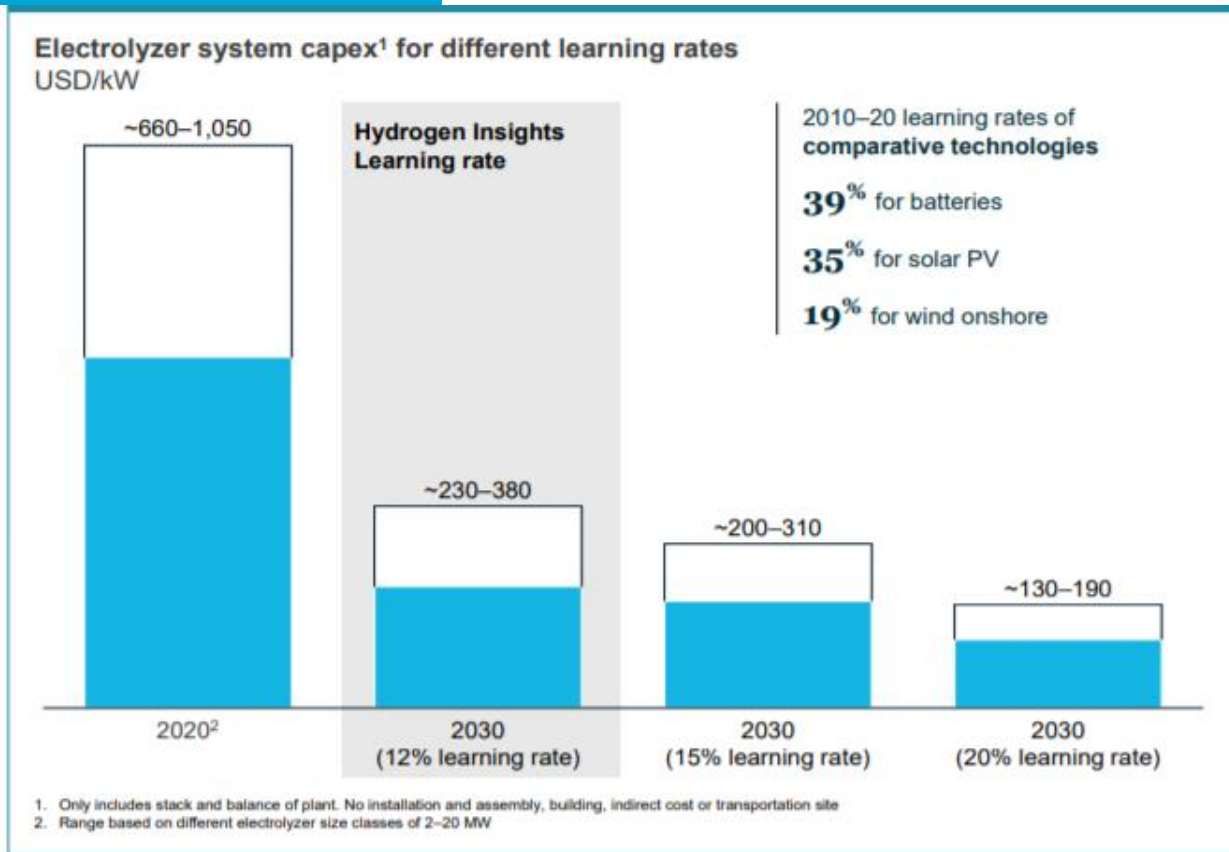
Hydrogen, like electricity, is an energy carrier

Source	Process/Technology	Maturity	Main output	Colour of Hydrogen
Natural gas	Steam methane reforming (SMR)	Mature	$H_2 + CO_2$	Grey/Blue , depending on the capture technology and the process input energy 50-90% of CO_2 can be captured and stored.
	Auto-thermal reforming (ATR)	Mature	$H_2 + CO_2$	Grey/Blue , with ATR using part of the produced H_2 as energy for process heat, 100% CO_2 emission capture and storage is possible
	Methane Pyrolysis	Small plants operational	$H_2 + C$	Turquoise , indirect CO_2 emissions are zero if green electricity or part of the produced hydrogen is used as process energy
Coal	Partial Oxidation/Gasification	Mature	$H_2 + CO_2 + C$	Brown/Blue , depending on the CCS technology 50-90% of CO_2 can be captured and stored.
	Underground coal gasification	Projects exist	$H_2 + CO_2$	
Solid Biomass, Biogenic waste	Gasification	Near Maturity	$H_2 + CO_2 + C$	Green
	Plasma gasification	First Plant 2023	$H_2 + CO_2$	Negative CO_2 emissions possible
Wet Biomass, Biogenic waste	Super critical water gasification	First Plant 2023	$H_2 + CH_4 + CO_2$	Green
	Microbial Electrolysis Cell	Laboratory	$H_2 + CH_4$	Negative CO_2 emissions possible
Electricity + Water	Electrolysis			All shades of grey to green and pink depending on the source for electricity production. With electricity from renewable resources, green H_2 and from nuclear, pink H_2 is produced, both with zero CO_2 emissions
	Alkaline	Mature	$H_2 + O_2$	
	PEM	Near Maturity	$H_2 + O_2$	
	SOEC	Pilot Plants	$H_2 + O_2$	
Sunlight + Water	Photoelectrochemical	Laboratory	$H_2 + O_2$	Green

Technology structure electrolyzers similar to solar PV, batteries, fuel cells

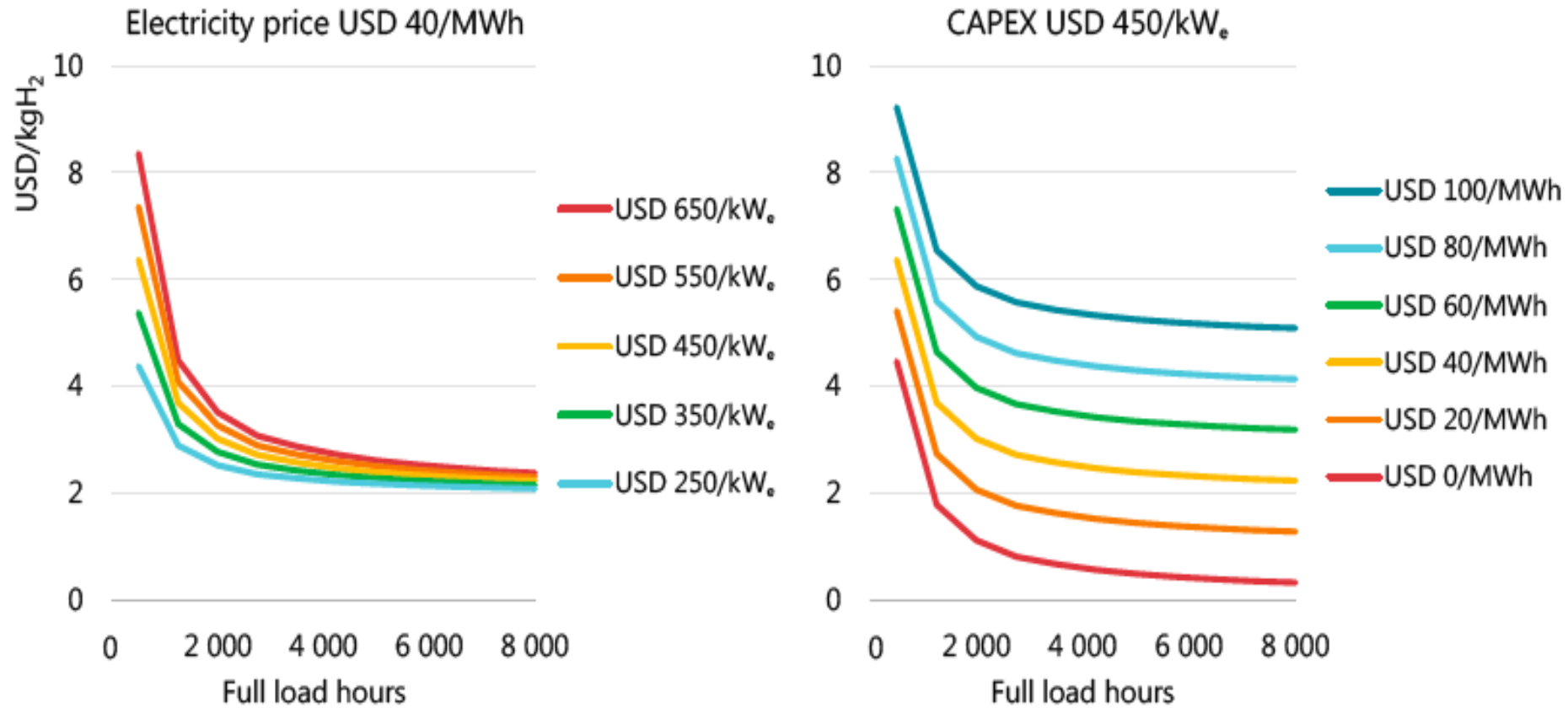
Technology structure:

- Cells as the fundamental production unit
- Cells are grouped or stacked together in modules or stacks as a physical production unit.
- A number of modules/stacks together with balance of plant equipment is the system production unit.
- These technologies do not have mechanical components and operates at low temperatures.
- Only balance of plant cost scale with system size, but module/stack or cell cost do not scale with system size.



<https://hydrogencouncil.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/Hydrogen-Insights-2021.pdf>

Hydrogen production cost; LCoH



Notes: MWh = megawatt hour. Based on an electrolyser efficiency of 69% (LHV) and a discount rate of 8%.

Source: IEA 2019. All rights reserved.

Future levelized cost of hydrogen production by operating hour for different electrolyser investment costs (left) and different electricity costs (right), from *The Future of Hydrogen* (IEA 2019) (LHV efficiency 69% is HHV efficiency 81%)

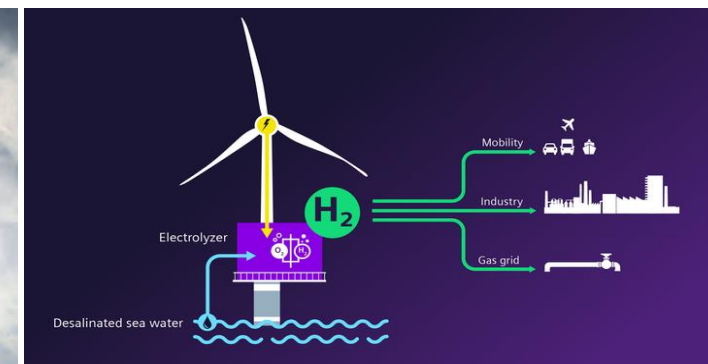
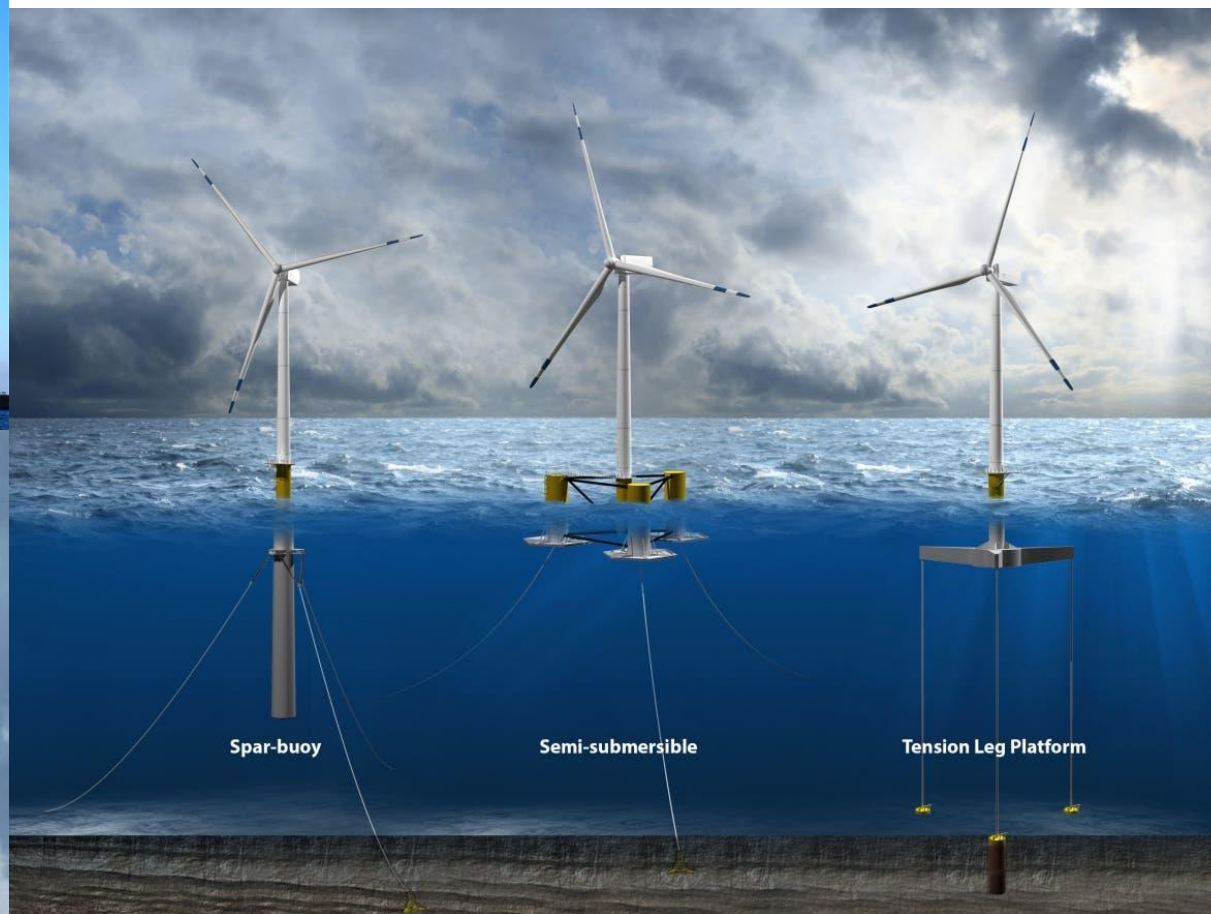
GE Haliade X 12-14 MW



SG 14-222 DD 14-15 MW

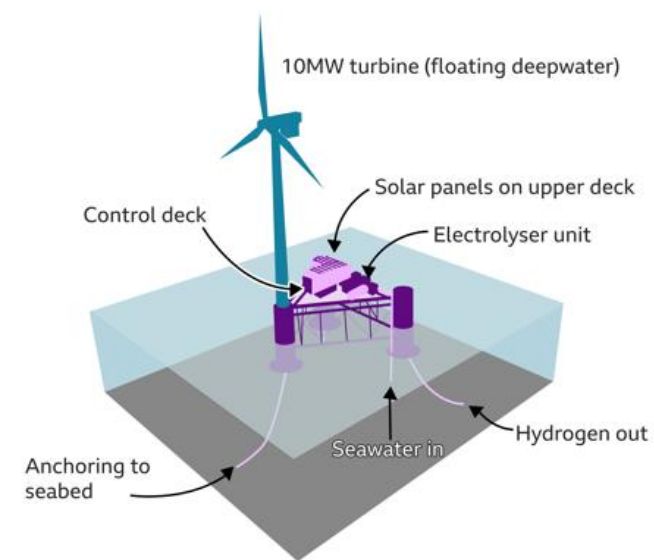


Offshore (Floating) integrated Wind-Hydrogen Turbines



SiemensGamesa [SG 14-222 DD offshore wind turbine](#) 15 MW with electrolyzer in turbine

Plan for offshore production of hydrogen



ERM UK, 10 MW floating offshore wind turbine with electrolyser at turbine platform

**Offshore wind-hydrogen turbine
equal investment cost as
Offshore wind-electricity turbine**

Offshore wind hydrogen projects in development

Aquaventus and Aquaductus (Germany)

- 10 GW offshore wind Hydrogen
- 1 million ton hydrogen (= 5.000 full load hours)
- Fully Operational 2035
- RWE, Equinor, Orsted, Boskalis + others
- Pipeline: Gascade, Gasunie, RWE, Shell
- Pipeline: connect to hydrogen backbone + salt cavern storage

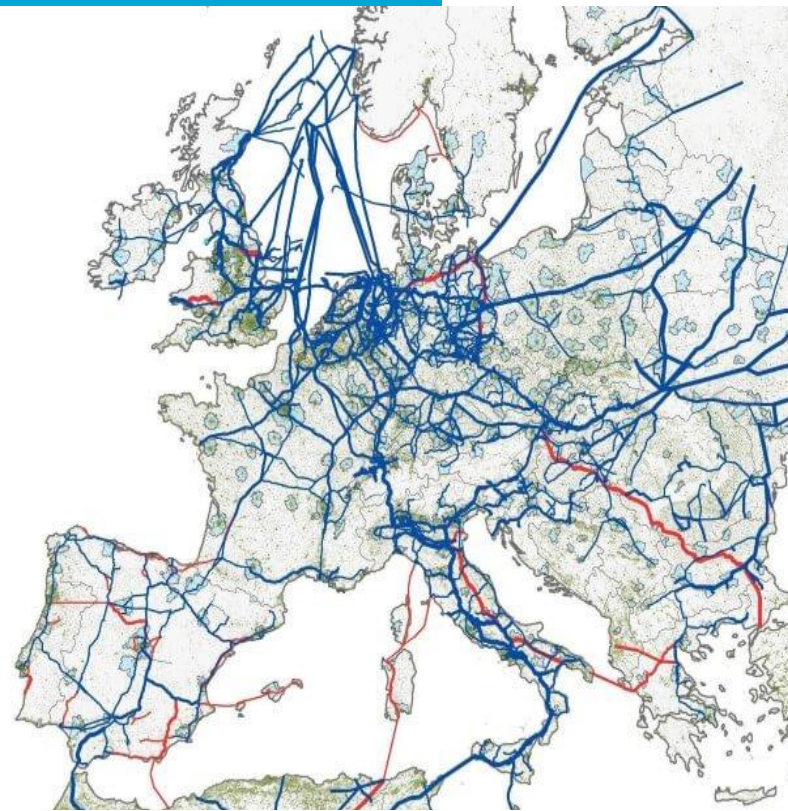
NorthH2 (Netherlands)

- 10 GW offshore wind Hydrogen
- 1 million ton hydrogen (= 5.000 full load hours)
- 3-4 GW onshore electrolyser 2030 in Eemshaven
- 6-7 GW offshore electrolyser <2040
- Shell, Gasunie, Groningen Seaports, Equinor, RWE+ others
- Pipeline: Connect to Hydrogen backbone + salt cavern storage



Gas Infrastructure in Europe can be reused for hydrogen

Gas Pipeline Capacity 10-20 GW, Electricity cable capacity 1-2 GW
 Gas transport cost roughly a factor 10 cheaper than electricity transport



Gas Pipelines Europe

Transporting gas from gas fields at North Sea, Norway, Russia, Algeria, Libya to Europe



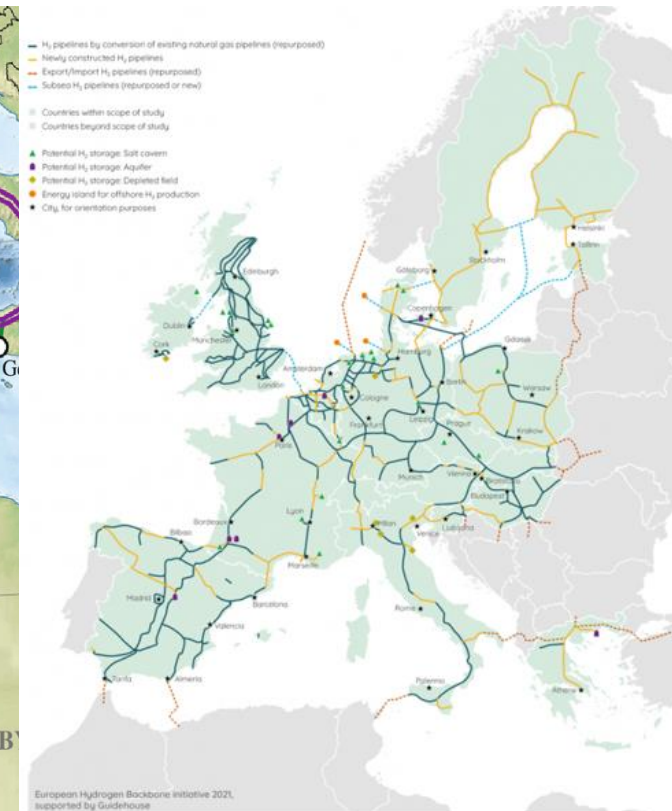
Gas from North-Sea

2017 production
 190 bcm = 1.900 TWh



Gas from North-Africa

60 GW Natural Gas Pipeline
 2x0.7 GW Electricity Cable



European Hydrogen Backbone

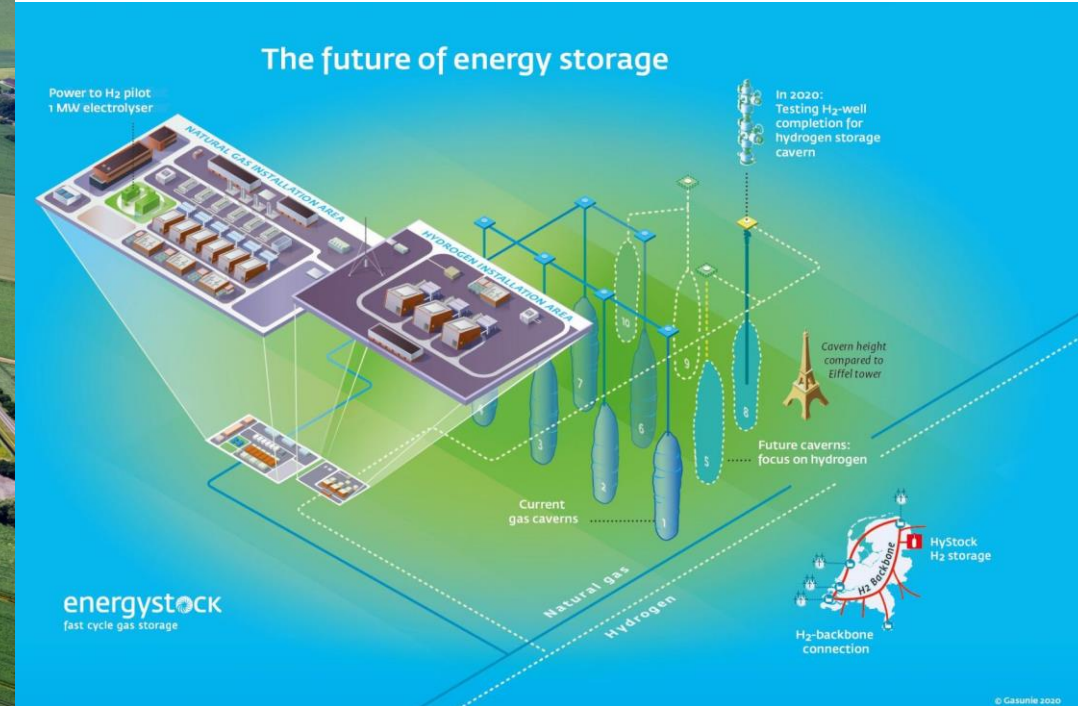
75% re-used gas pipelines
 25% new hydrogen pipelines
 40.000 km pipelines

Hystock/Gasunie

Salt Cavern Hydrogen storage

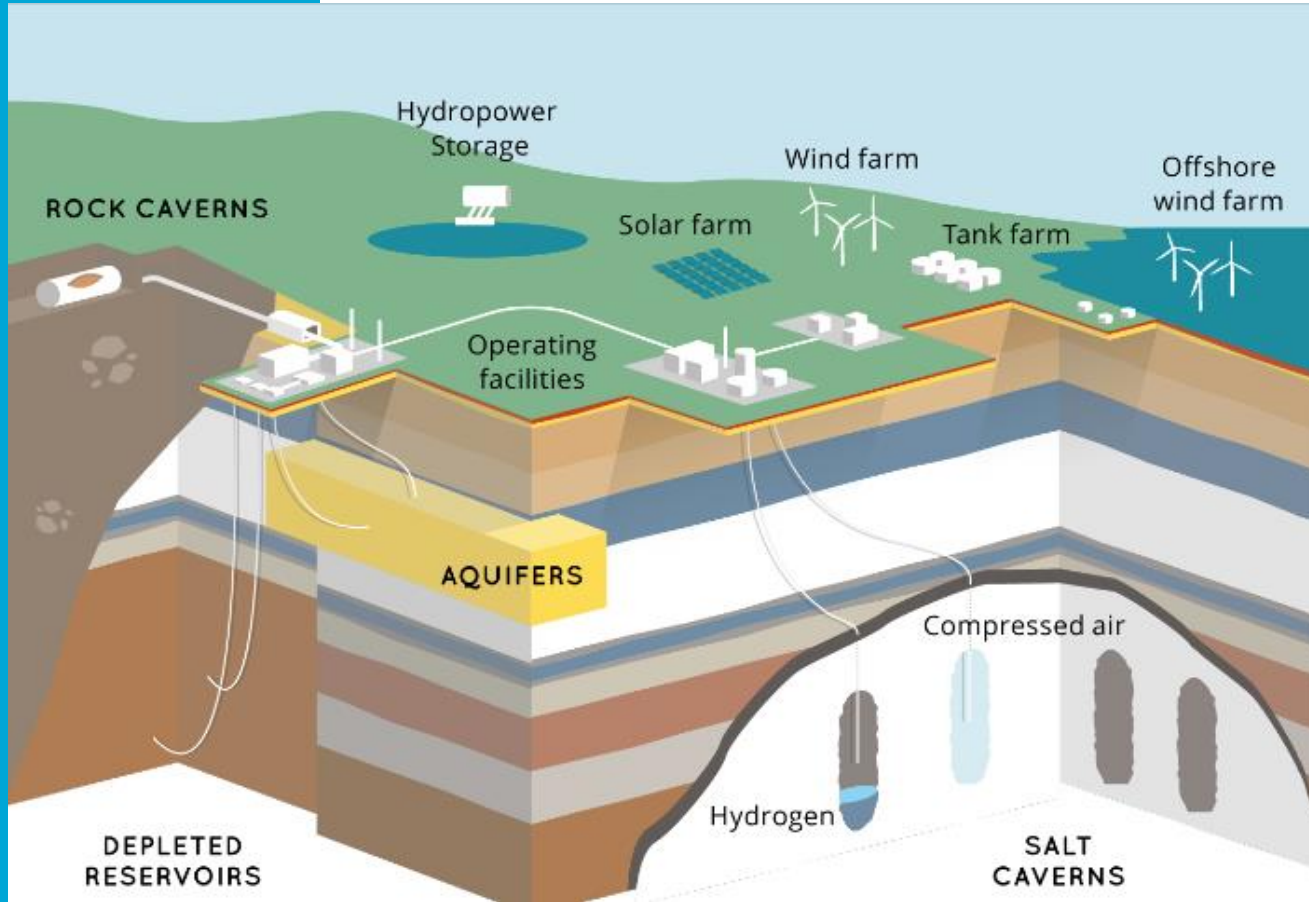


Zuidwending-Veendam 10 salt caverns, 5 in use for gas storage

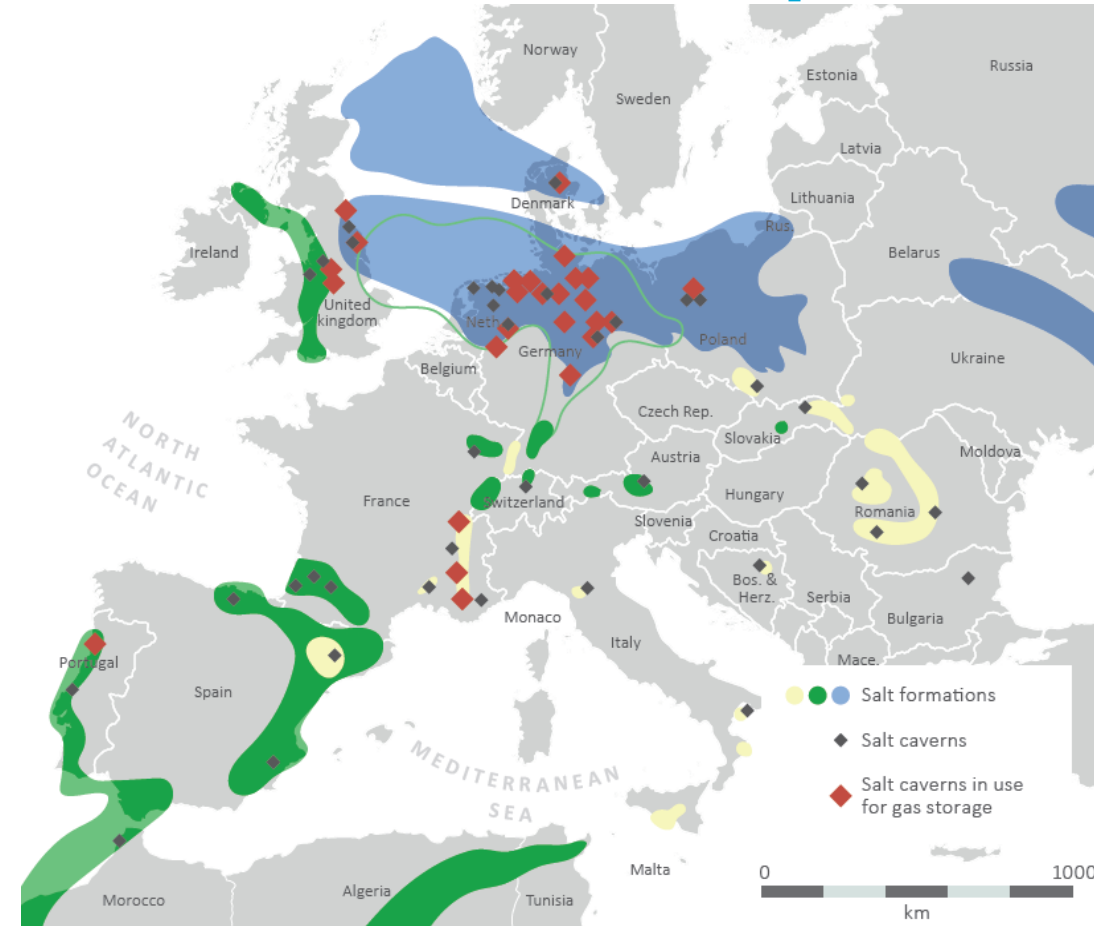


Zuidwending-Veendam 10 salt caverns, 2 in preparation for hydrogen storage, ready 2026

Hydrogen storage in salt caverns



Salt formations and caverns in Europa

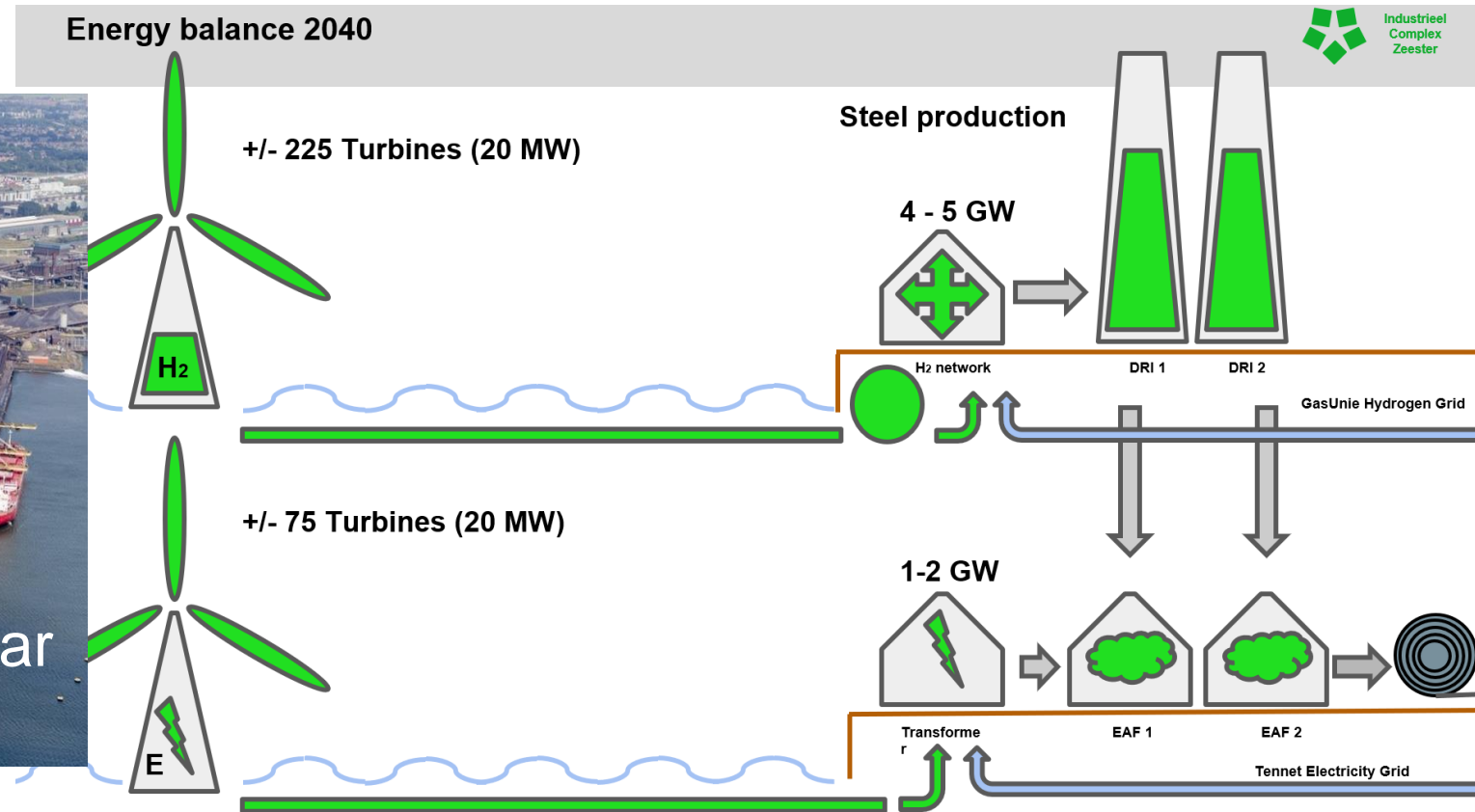


1 salt cavern can contain up to 6,000 ton (= 236.4 GWh HHV) hydrogen,
Salt Cavern CAPEX = 0.5 Euro per kWh, Total Salt cavern CAPEX is 100 million Euro

For comparison, with battery CAPEX 100 Euro per kWh, Total battery CAPEX would be 23.6 billion Euro

Tata Steel on green hydrogen, biogas and electricity

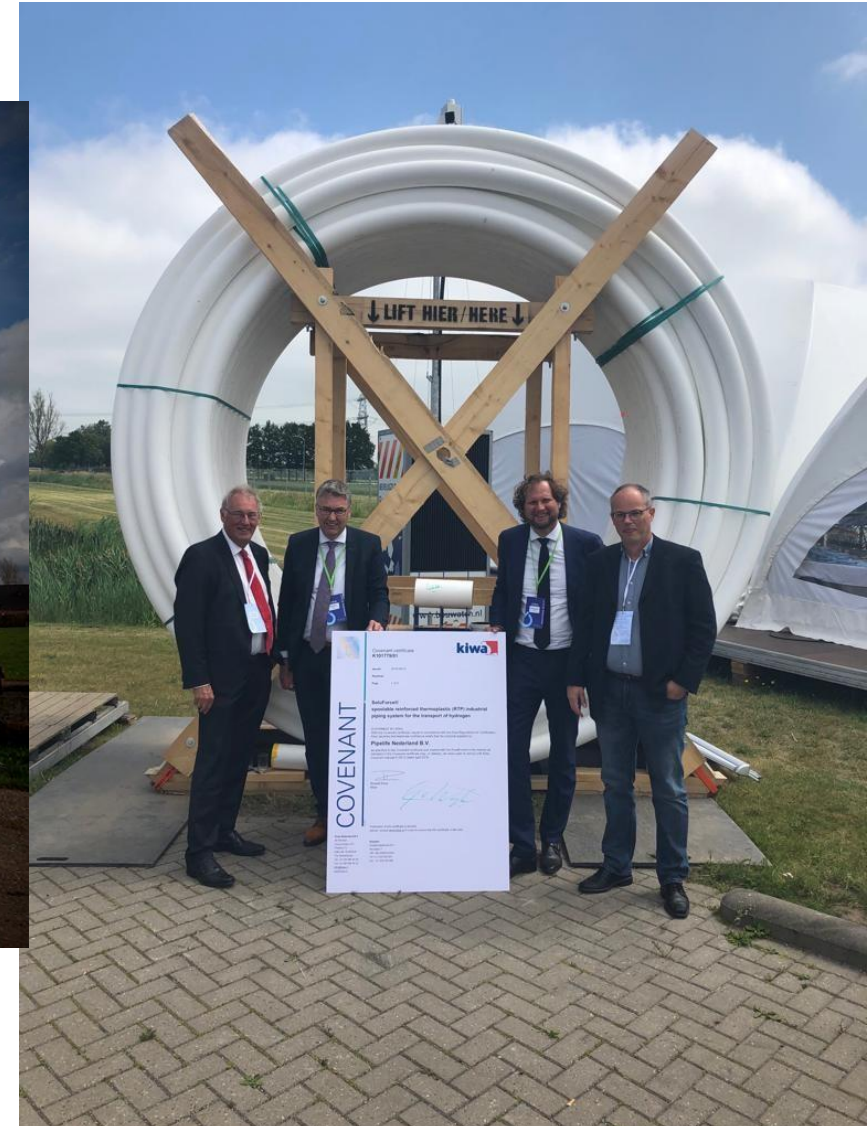
Offshore wind turbine require between 100-200 ton steel per MW



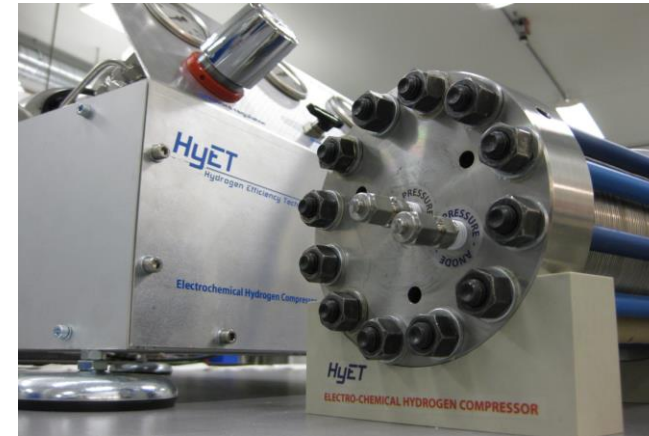
Tata Steel chooses for hydrogen 15-9-2021

SoluForce

Flexible composite pipe for hydrogen transport



AMF Bakery Systems Hydrogen Tunnel Oven



Hyet Hydrogen
Electrochemical hydrogen compressor and purification



Domestic heating with hydrogen boilers



Remeha HYDRA

	Hydrogen	Natural gas	
CO ₂	0	9	%
	0	190	g/kWh
	0	2500	kg/jaar*
CO	0	48	ppm
NOx	20	30	mg/kWh Hs
Efficiency**	115	108	% LCV
	97	97	% HCV
Output Heating	24	24	kW
Output DHW	28	28	kW

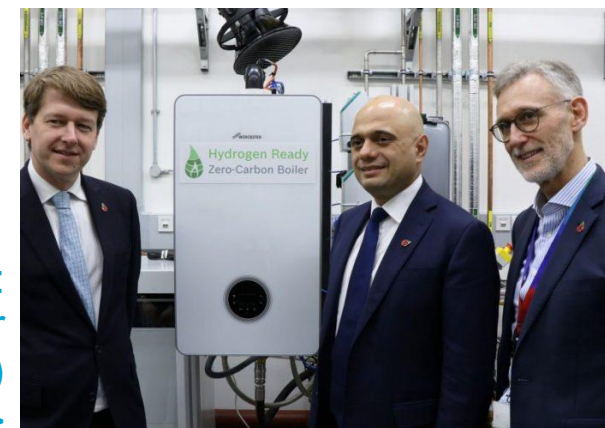
* At average gas consumption
** Treteur = 30°C, 30% load

Remeha:
Hydrogen boiler
(launched March
2019)

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Worcester Bosch:
hydrogen ready boiler
(launched Nov. 2019)

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Hyzon, JV Holthausen and Horizon,
manufacturing Hydrogen Fuel Cell trucks



Jos Scholman/New Holland,
manufacturing diesel/hydrogen dual fuel
tractor, with H₂ injection in diesel engine

RESATO Assen
Hydrogen compressor for fuelling stations



ZEPP Solutions
Building hydrogen fuel cell drive trains

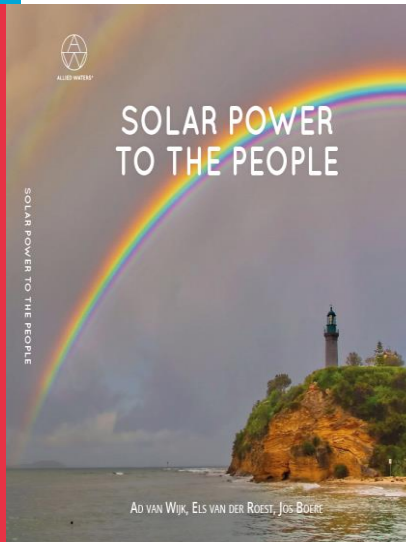
And Our King drives on hydrogen October 2021



Thank you for your attention!
 For further reading, see: www.profadvanwijk.com



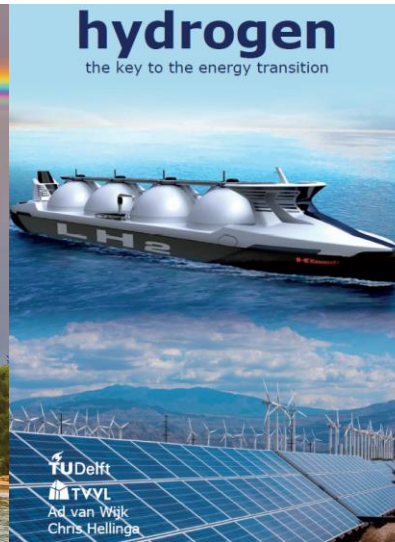
April 2017



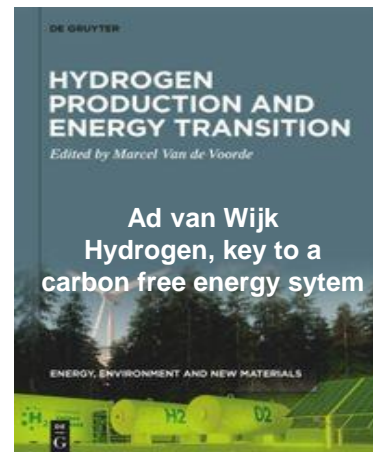
November 2017
 Waterstof voor gebouwverwarming
Naar 500.000 woningen op waterstof in 2030



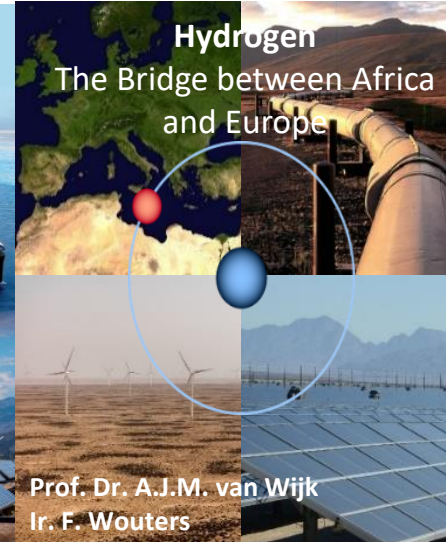
May 2021



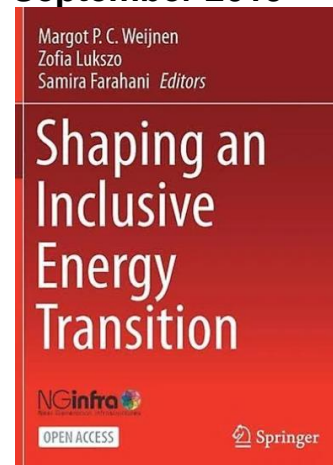
May 2018



September 2021



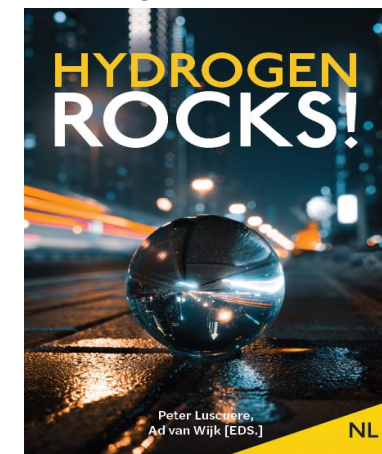
September 2019



September 2021



April 2020



October 2021



April 2021